

MS Module 20 Standardized residuals ratio two points practice exam questions

(The attached PDF file has better formatting.)

A regression model has the independent variable X values {1, 2, ..., 7}.

- At the point $x = 3$, the residual is 0.16 and the standardized residual is 0.11
- The residual at the point $x = 2$ is -0.25

Question 20.1: \bar{x}

What is \bar{x} , the average X value?

Answer 20.1: $(1 + 7) / 2 = 4$

Question 20.2: S_{xx}

What is S_{xx} , the sum of squared residuals for the X values?

Answer 20.2: $(1 - 4)^2 + (2 - 4)^2 + (3 - 4)^2 + (4 - 4)^2 + (5 - 4)^2 + (6 - 4)^2 + (7 - 4)^2 = 28$

Question 20.3: Ratio of residual to standardized residual

What is the ratio of the residual to the standardized residual at the point $x = 3$?

Answer 20.3: $0.16 / 0.11 = 1.455$

Question 20.4: Standardized residual factor

At the point $x = 3$, what is the value of $[(1 - 1/n - (x_i - \bar{x})^2 / S_{xx})]^{1/2}$?

Answer 20.4: $(1 - 1/7 - (3 - 4)^2 / 28)^{0.5} = 0.906$

Question 20.5: Least squares estimate for σ

What is s , the least squares estimate for σ ?

Answer 20.5: $1.455 / 0.906 = 1.606$

(the standardized residual = the residual / $(\sigma \times [(1 - 1/n - (x_i - \bar{x})^2 / S_{xx})]^{1/2})$)

Question 20.6: Standardized residual

What is the standardized residual at the point $x = 2$?

Answer 20.6: $-0.25 / (1.606 \times (1 - 1/7 - (2 - 4)^2 / 28)^{0.5}) = -0.184$

(the standardized residual = the residual / ($\sigma \times [(1 - 1/n - (x_i - \bar{x})^2 / S_{xx})]^{1/2}$))