MS Module 21 Multiple regression s² adjusted R² practice exam questions

(The attached PDF file has better formatting.)

[The practice problems in the 24 modules explain the statistical procedures; the practice exam questions in this thread shows what you will be asked on the final exam.]

A multiple regression analysis $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \epsilon$, with 5 data points and independent variables X_1 and X_2 has the following actual values (y_i) and fitted values (\hat{y}_i) :

Actual Value	2.4	0.8	6.1	10.9	9.8
Fitted Value	2	4.0	6	8	10

- ! The null hypothesis is H_0 : $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$
- ! The alternative hypothesis is H_a : $\beta_1 \neq 0$ or $\beta_2 \neq 0$

Question 21.1: Residuals

What are the residuals for the five data points?

Answer 21.1: residual = actual value – fitted value:

obs	fitted	actual	residual	SST	SSE
#1	2	2.4	0.4	12.96	0.16
#2	4	0.8	-3.2	27.04	10.24
#3	6	6.1	0.1	0.01	0.01
#4	8	10.9	2.9	24.01	8.41
#5	10	9.8	-0.2	14.44	0.04
avg	6	6	0	78.46	18.86

Question 21.2: Total sum of squares

What is the total sum of squares (SST)?

Answer 21.2: average y-value = (2.4 + 0.8 + 6.1 + 10.9 + 9.8) / 5 = 6

$$SST = (2.4 - 6)^2 + (0.8 - 6)^2 + (6.1 - 6)^2 + (10.9 - 6)^2 + (9.8 - 6)^2 = 78.46$$

Question 21.3: Error sum of squares

What is the error sum of squares (SSE)?

Answer 21.3: SSE =
$$(2.4 - 2)^2 + (0.8 - 4)^2 + (6.1 - 6)^2 + (10.9 - 8)^2 + (9.8 - 10)^2 = 18.86$$

Question 21.4: Least squares estimate for σ^2

What is s^2 , the least squares estimate for σ^2 ?

Answer 21.4: 18.86 / (5 - 2 - 1) = 9.43

(least squares estimate for σ^2 = error sum of squares / degrees of freedom, which are N-k-1)

Question 21.5: R²

What is R²?

Answer 21.5: 1 - 18.86 / 78.46 = 75.96%

 $(R^2 = 1 - error sum of squares / total sum of squares)$

Question 21.6: Adjusted R²

What is the adjusted R²?

Answer 21.6: 1 - 18.86 / (5 - 2 - 1) / (78.46 / (5 - 1)) = 51.92%

(adjust SSE and SST by their degrees of freedom: adjusted $R^2 = 1 - MSE / MST = 1 - [SSE / (n - (k + 1))] / [SST / (n - 1)]$

Question 21.7: F value

What is the test statistic value f to test the null hypothesis?

Answer 21.7: ((78.46 - 18.86) / 2) / (18.86 / (5 - 2 - 1)) = 3.160

(test statistic $f = [R^2/k]/[(1-R^2)/(n-(k+1))]$)