

MS Module 14 Two-factor ANOVA interaction practice exam questions

(The attached PDF file has better formatting.)

[The practice problems in the 24 modules explain the statistical procedures; the practice exam questions in this thread shows what you will be asked on the final exam.]

A two-factor classification table has two rows, two columns, and two observations in each cell.

	Column 1	Column 2
Row 1	32; 33	32; 27
Row 2	14; 29	20; 22

We use analysis of variance to test

- ! whether the Row 1 mean differs from the Row 2 mean
 - " the null hypothesis is that the row means are equal
- ! whether the Column 1 mean differs from the Column 2 mean
 - " the null hypothesis is that the column means are equal
- ! whether the interaction effects are significant
 - " the null hypothesis is that the interaction effects are zero

Question 14.1: Square of sum of observations

What is the square of the sum of all the observations, or $x_{...2}$?

Answer 14.1: $(32 + 33 + 32 + 27 + 14 + 29 + 20 + 22)^2 = 43,681$

Question 14.2: Correction factor

What is the correction factor used for the total sum of squares and the treatment sums of squares (for both rows and columns)?

Answer 14.2: $43,681 / 8 = 5,460.125$

(correction factor = the square of the sum of the observations / the number of observations)

Question 14.3: Sum of squares of observations

What is the sum of the squares of all the observations, or $\sum_i \sum_j \sum_k x_{ijk}^2$?

Answer 14.3: $(32^2 + 33^2 + 32^2 + 27^2 + 14^2 + 29^2 + 20^2 + 22^2) = 5,787$

Question 14.4: Sum of squares of totals by cell

What is the sum of the squares of the totals in each cell, or $\sum_i \sum_j x_{ij}^2$?

Answer 14.4: $(32 + 33)^2 + (32 + 27)^2 + (14 + 29)^2 + (20 + 22)^2 = 11,319$

Question 14.5: Sum of squares of row totals

What is the sum of the squares of the row totals, or $\sum_j x_{i,2}$

Answer 14.5: $(32 + 33 + 32 + 27)^2 + (14 + 29 + 20 + 22)^2 = 22,601$

Question 14.6: Sum of squares of column totals

What is the sum of the squares of the column totals, or $\sum_j x_{j,2}$

Answer 14.6: $(32 + 33 + 14 + 29)^2 + (32 + 27 + 20 + 22)^2 = 21,865$

Question 14.7: Total sum of squares

What is SST, the total sum of squared deviations?

Answer 14.7: $5,787 - 5,460.125 = 326.875$

(total sum of squares = the sum of the squares of all the observations – the correction factor)

Question 14.8: SSA

What is SSA, the sum of squared deviations for the i dimension (the rows)?

Answer 14.8: $22,601 / 4 - 5,460.125 = 190.125$

(SSA = the sum of the squares of the row totals / observations per row – the correction factor)

Question 14.9: SSB

What is SSB, the sum of squared deviations for the j dimension (the columns)?

Answer 14.9: $21,865 / 4 - 5,460.125 = 6.125$

(SSB = the sum of the squares of the column totals / observations per column – the correction factor)

Question 14.10: Error sum of squares

What is SSE, the error sum of squared deviations?

Answer 14.10: $5,787 - 11,319 / 2 = 127.50$

(error sum of squares = the sum of the squares of the observations – the sum of the squares of the totals in each cell / number of observations by cell)

Question 14.11: SSAB

What is SSAB, the sum of squared deviations for the interaction?

Answer 14.11: $326.875 - 190.125 - 6.125 - 127.50 = 3.125$

Question 14.12: Degrees of freedom

What are the degrees of freedom for the rows (SSA)?

Answer 14.12: $2 - 1 = 1$

(the degrees of freedom for the rows = number of rows - 1)

Question 14.13: Degrees of freedom

What are the degrees of freedom for the columns (SSB)?

Answer 14.13: $2 - 1 = 1$

(the degrees of freedom for the columns = number of columns - 1)

Question 14.14: Degrees of freedom

What are the degrees of freedom for the interaction effects (SSAB)?

Answer 14.14: $(2 - 1) \times (2 - 1) = 1$

(the degrees of freedom for the interaction effects = (number of rows - 1) × (number of columns - 1))

Question 14.15: Degrees of freedom

What are the degrees of freedom for the total sum of squares (SST)?

Answer 14.15: $8 - 1 = 7$

(the degrees of freedom for the total sum of squares = number of observations - 1)

Question 14.16: Degrees of freedom

What are the degrees of freedom for the error sum of squares (SSE)?

Answer 14.16: $7 - 1 - 1 - 1 = 4$

(degrees of freedom for SSE = degrees of freedom for SST - degrees of freedom for SSA - degrees of freedom for SSB - degrees of freedom for SSAB)

Question 14.17: Mean squared deviation for the rows

What is MSA, the mean squared deviation for the rows?

Answer 14.17: $190.125 / 1 = 190.125$

(MSA = SSA / degrees of freedom)

Question 14.18: Mean squared deviation for the columns

What is MSB, the mean squared deviation for the columns?

Answer 14.18: $6.125 / 1 = 6.125$

(MSB = SSB / degrees of freedom)

Question 14.19: Mean squared deviation for the interaction

What is MSAB, the mean squared deviation for the interaction?

Answer 14.19: $3.125 / 1 = 3.125$

(MSAB = SSAB / degrees of freedom)

Question 14.20: Mean squared error

What is MSE, the mean squared error?

Answer 14.20: $127.50 / 4 = 31.875$

(MSE = SSE / degrees of freedom)

Question 14.21: *F* value

What is f_A , the *f* value for testing significance of the row differences?

Answer 14.21: $190.125 / 31.875 = 5.965$

(f_A , the *f* value for testing significance of the row differences, is MSA / MSE)

Question 14.22: *F* value

What is f_B , the *f* value for testing significance of the column differences?

Answer 14.22: $6.125 / 31.875 = 0.192$

(f_B , the *f* value for testing significance of the column differences, is MSB / MSE)

Question 14.23: *F* value

What is f_{AB} , the *f* value for testing significance of the interaction effect?

Answer 14.23: $3.125 / 31.875 = 0.098$

(f_{AB} , the *f* value for testing significance of the interaction effect, is MSAB / MSE)